Prisoners Of War At Dartmoor American And French Soldiers And Sailors In An English Prison During The Napoleonic Wars And The War Of 1812

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Excerpt from Index to Certified Copy of List of American Prisoners of War, 1812-1815: A Record in General Entry Book, Ottawa, Canada; List of American Prisoners of War, Who Died at Princeton, Dartmoor, England, 1812-1815. Any valuable historical records were destroyed when the British burned the Capitol, August 24, 1814. This doubtless accounts for the fact that our government did not possess a list of our soldiers and sailors who had been taken prisoners during the war with Great Britain, 1812-1814. About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.com This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

"Covers the incarceration of French and American prisoners of war in Dartmoor Prison, where acts of cruelty and degradation by their guardians were countered by defiance and a spirited loyalty by the prisoners to their respective countries. Much of the story is told first-hand by those who were there." --

The Prisoners' Memoirs; Or, Dartmoor Prison; Containing a Complete and Impartial History of the Entire Captivity of the Americans in England

The Prisoner's Memoirs, Or Dartmoor Prison

The Diary of Benjamin F. Palmer, Privateer

Prisoners' Memoirs, Or, Dartmoor Prison

The Prison on the Moor

The Journal of a Prisoner of War in the War Of 1812

Horrid Massacre at Dartmoor Prison

England

Containing a Complete and Impartial History of the Entire Captivity of the Americans in England, from the Commencement of the Last War Between the United States and Great Britain, Until All Prisoners Were Released

A Study of the American Prisoner-of-war Experience Within Dartmoor Prison, 1813-1815

The Prisoners Memoirs, Or Dartmoor Prison

(Prisoners of War.) Transport Office, 18 June 1811. An Account of the Number of Prisoners of War, in the Prison of Dartmoor; from the First Time when Any Were Confined

There in Every Month, to the Latest Returns that Have Been Received: Shewing the Number of Deaths in Each Month

This is a transcription of American prisoner of war records from the U.S. Navy, privateers and merchant vessels (plus some civilians) who were captured and then interned by the British Empire at the Dartmoor Depot in England during the War of 1812. There are also some U.S. Army soldiers, volunteers and militiamen included in these transcriptions. This book was compiled from copies of the General Entry Book of American Prisoners of War (GEB) ledger of the British Admiralty made by the Public Records Office in London, Great Britain (ADM 103 series). These ledgers contain the information on 6,553 American prisoners of war who were interned between 2 April 1813 and 26 March 1815 at the Dartmoor Depot. Eight-hundred-sixty-seven of these Americans are listed as Negroes, Blacks, Colored, Men of Color or Mulattos on the GEB ledgers, which amounts to 13% of the total American POW population. Sixteen men are listed as Creoles and there was one Chinese American. Fifty-nine American men entered British service, that is, they enlisted in either the British army, navy or merchant marines to avoid internment in Dartmoor Depot. Fifty-three Americans escaped from Dartmoor Depot, while 272 died and were buried in the American Cemetery near Dartmoor Depot. Mr. Johnson is a lineal descendant of five veterans of the War of 1812 and he is the past president of the Society of the War of 1812 in the State of Ohio (2008-2011). He is currently the Archivist General for the General Society of the War of 1812 and has served as the Historian General (2011–2014) for this society. 2016, 81/2x11, paper, 500 pp.

South-West England, 1812. England is at war with America and when two hundred and fifty American prisoners-of-war arrive at Dartmoor prison, it is already overcrowded with French prisoners. Among the newcomers is Lieutenant Pilgrim Penn, an American merchant seaman, who soon falls in love with a local girl at a market held inside the prison walls. The inmates fight amongst themselves, despite their common enemy and the Americans are a particularly troublesome group. When the governor's daughter
becomes romantically involved with one of them, he orders his soldiers to open fire during a minor disturbance, even though the war has ended and personal revenge is suspected as his true motivation.

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From the First Time when Any Were Confined There, in Every Month, to the Latest Returns that Have Been Received: Shewing the Number of Deaths in Each Month American Prisoners of War Held at Dartmoor During the War Of 1812

The Prisoners' Memoirs, Or, Dartmoor Prison: Containing a Complete and Impartial History of the Entire Captivity of the Americans in England, from the Commencement of the Last War Between the United States and Great Britain, Until All Prisoners Were Relea

The story of Dartmoor prison

Where the Unarmed American Prisoners of War Were Wantonly Fired Upon by the Guard, Under the Command of the Prison Turn-key, the Blood Thirsty Shortland ... A Record of 126 Years of Prisoner of War and Convict Life, 1806-1932

The Strangest Experiment

American and French Soldiers and Sailors in an English Prison During the Napoleonic Wars and the War of 1812

Dartmoor Prison. A Record of 126 Years of Prisoner of War and Convict Life, 1806-1932. With ... Illustrations

Prisoners of War in Britain 1793-1815

French and American Prisoners of War at Dartmoor Prison, 1806-1816

Prisoners of War at Dartmoor American and French Soldiers and Sailors in an English Prison During the Napoleonic Wars and the War of 1812 McFarland

An indispensable reference on concentration camps, death camps, prisoner-of-war camps, and military prisons offering broad historical coverage as well as detailed analysis of the nature of captivity in modern conflict. Maintains a modern focus while providing broad historical context. Covers lesser-known but significant events such as the camps set up by the British for refugees of the Boer Wars that resulted in the deaths of 25,000 people. Provides the context necessary to help students understand the significance of the primary source material in introductions. Studies camps outside of World War II, illustrating their use in numerous other wars and genocides.

During the French Revolutionary and Napoleonic Wars, over 200,000 prisoners of war of many nationalities were brought to Britain to be held in the infamous prison hulks, land prisons and parole depots. Many prisoners languished in captivity for over eleven years. This book tells the story of these men and women. Hell Upon Water examines how prisoners of war were acquired by the British, how they were fed, clothed and accommodated by the Transport Board of the Admiralty. The larger prisons such as Dartmoor, Portchester Castle and Norman Cross are described in detail, alongside the smaller lesser known depots of Forton, Stapleton, and Mill Bay. It compares the treatment of French prisoners with that of Britons in France, and also tells the stories of officers who fell in love with local girls and married, and those who fought to escape.

The Prisoners' Memoirs = Or, Dartmoor Prison

While a Prisoner on Board English War Ships at Sea, in the Prison at Melville Island and at Dartmoor

Non Solum Armis

Prisoners of War in Dartmoor Towns

As Recorded in General Entry Book, Ottawa, Canada. List of American Prisoners of War, who Died at Princetown, Dartmoor, England. 1812-1815

Dartmoor Prison

Containing a Complete and Impartial History of the Entire Captivity of the Americans in England, from the Commencement of the Last War Between the United States and Great Britain, Until All Prisoners Were Released by the Treaty of Ghent. Also a

Prisoners' Memoirs, Or Dartmoor Prison ...
The War of 1812 is a conflict best characterized by two adjectives: ironic and forgotten. Conventional histories of the War of 1812 focus almost exclusively on the land engagements of the war, despite the occurrence of several crucial engagements at sea. In what is perhaps the greatest irony of all, one of the most infamous incidents of the war -- the shooting of several United States prisoners-of-war at Dartmoor prison in 1815 -- has received virtually no scholarly attention. The general topic of prisoners-of-war during the War of 1812 has received almost no treatment. Owing to the lack of substantial scholarly literature on Dartmoor Prison during its time as a place of incarceration for both French and American prisoners-of-war, this study's primary focus is on the autobiographical accounts of the men held there. For this study, the author has discovered ten narratives that each tell a slightly different story of what it was like within the prison on the moor. Without exception, all of these narratives are autobiographical in scope. Building upon the prisoner-of-war autobiographies, the thesis concludes with a discussion of the two most important events in Dartmoor's history as a prisoner-of-war compound. The first, a riot over bread, bears a direct correlation to what would take place on April 6, 1815, the date of the Dartmoor Massacre. To what degree did the former influence the latter? What did actually take place during both events? Was the Dartmoor Massacre really a massacre? Or have time, sensationalism, and political rhetoric obscured the truth?

For a relatively short period in the early nineteenth century, Britain was at war concurrently with both France and the United States, and was faced with the novel problem of incarcerating large numbers of prisoners of war from both countries, a majority of whom were sailors. After experimenting with prison hulks and temporary camps, the Admiralty decided to build a permanent penal establishment at Princetown in Devon: what would become Dartmoor Prison. It was the first ever prison on British soil to be designed and built on the orders of central government, and it was also the latter’s first experience of the long-term incarceration of prisoners of war, or indeed of prisoners of any kind. Among the themes which are explored in this book are: how the prison was conceived and designed; how it was administered both from London and on the ground; how the fate of its prisoners intertwined with the military and diplomatic history of the period; and finally how those prisoners interacted with each other, with the prison authorities and with the local community.

This is a transcription of American prisoner of war records from the U.S. Navy, privateers and merchant vessels (plus some civilians) who were captured and then interned by the British Empire at the Dartmoor Depot in England during the War of 1812. There are also some U.S. Army soldiers, volunteers and militiamen included in these transcriptions. This book was compiled from copies of the General Entry Book of American Prisoners of War (GEB) ledger of the British Admiralty made by the Public Records Office in London, Great Britain (ADM 103 series). These ledgers contain the information on 6,553 American prisoners of war who were interned between 2 April 1813 and 26 March 1815 at the Dartmoor Depot. Eight-hundred-sixty-seven of these Americans are listed as Negroes, Blacks, Colored, Men of Color or Mulattoes on the GEB ledgers, which amounts to 13% of the total American POW population. Sixteen men are listed as Creoles and there was one Chinese American. Fifty-nine American men entered British service, that is, they enlisted in either the British army, navy or merchant marines to avoid internment in Dartmoor Depot. Fifty-three Americans escaped from Dartmoor Depot, while 272 died and were buried in the American Cemetery near Dartmoor Depot. Mr. Johnson is a lineal descendant of five veterans of the War of 1812 and he is the past president of the Society of the War of 1812 in the State of Ohio (2008-2011). He is currently the Archivist General for the General Society of the War of 1812 and has served as the Historian General (2011-2014) for this society.

**Behind Barbed Wire: An Encyclopedia of Concentration and Prisoner-of-War Camps**

**The Prisoners' Memoirs**

**Containing a Complete and Impartial History of the Entire Captivity of the Americans in England, from the Commencement of the Last Prisoners Were Released by the Treaty of Ghent. Also, a Particular Detail of All Occurrences Relative to the Horrid Massacre at Dartmoor, on the Fatal Evening of the 6th of April, 1815. The Whole Carefully Comp. by a Prisoner in England, who was a Captive During the Whole War ...**

**Index to Certified Copy of List of American Prisoners of War, 1812-1815 as Recorded in General Entry Book, Ottawa, Canada ; List**
**of American Prisoners of War who Died at Princetown, Dartmoor, England, 1812-1815**

Dartmoor's War Prison and Church 1805-1817

**DARTMOOR PRISON OR A FAITHFUL**

As Recorded in General Entry Book, Ottawa, Canada; List of American Prisoners of War, Who Died at Princetown, Dartmoor, England, 1812-1815 (Class Reprint)

**Hell Upon Water**

**PRISONERS MEMOIRS OR DARTMOOR**

Prisoner of the British

*It's an account of life as a British prisoner of war during the War of 1812, and it's also a mystery. Prisoner of the British was originally released in 1816 as *A Journal of a Young Man of Massachusetts, Late a Surgeon on Board an American Privateer, Who Was Captured at Sea by the British. As such it is an immensely readable, if eye-opening, account of the author's experiences as a British prisoner of war during the War of 1812. At first he was held at Melville Island, Halifax, then in a prison ship at Chatham, England, and last in the infamous Dartmoor Prison. His descriptions and observations of the characters and characteristics of three nations are truly remarkable—as is his detailed descriptions of the massacre of American prisoners at Dartmoor on April 6, 1815. But there is a mystery surrounding this book as well—why is it debated to this day. Who wrote it? Benjamin Waterhouse, the pioneering American physician, is credited with authorship, but he would have been 59 years old when the story transpired, and there is no record of his ever having served in the military. Modern scholars now suspect a 21 year old seaman from Massachusetts by the name of Henry Torey, but no one knows for sure. Whoever wrote it, it's a must read for anyone who wishes to genuinely understand the War of 1812.

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Excerpt from The Prisoners Memoirs, or Dartmoor Prison: Containing a Complete and Impartial History of the Entire Captivity of the Americans in England, From the Commencement of the Last War Between the United States and Great Britain, Until All Prisoners Were Released by the Treaty of Ghent Capt. Charles Bennet, Hudson, N. Y Mr. William Griffin, Saleiass. Mr. James Bowie, do. Do. Mr. 'jof. Foster, Gloucester, Mass Mr. Joseph Clark, cape-elizabeth, do. Mr John Stafi'ord, Boston, Mass. Mr. Charles Whitewood, netti-pork. Mr. Samuel Rossett, do Mr. Jacob F. Taylor, Philadelphia. Mr. William Conklin, new-york. Mr. Samuel S. Brush, do. Capt. John C. Rowles, Baltimore, Md. Mr. John Meigh, Boston, Mass. Mr. Edward Shaw, Baltimore, Md. Lieut. S. S. Fitch, ' Connecticut. Mr. Samuel Correy, Vermont. Mr. Samuel Howard, Baltimore, Md. Mr. William Clark, Boston, Mass. Mr. Joseph Fosdick, do. Do. Mr. Samuel Morrison, new-york. Blr. William Hull, do. do. Mr. William Atkins, Connecticut. Mr. Daniel Hotchkins, Salem, Mass. Mr Thomas Carlson, Boston, do. Mr John Migat, Warren, R. I. Mr Cornelius Hoy, Baltimore, Md. Capt. Jesse S. Smith, Stonington, .Con. Mr James Sproson, new-york. Mr. Benjamin Wheeler, Baltimore, Md. Mr George Scott, Capt. Matthew S. Steel, Philadelphia, Penn. About the Publisher Forgotten Books publishes hundreds of thousands of rare and classic books. Find more at www.forgottenbooks.com This book is a reproduction of an important historical work. Forgotten Books uses state-of-the-art technology to digitally reconstruct the work, preserving the original format whilst repairing imperfections present in the aged copy. In rare cases, an imperfection in the original, such as a blemish or missing page, may be replicated in our edition. We do, however, repair the vast majority of imperfections successfully; any imperfections that remain are intentionally left to preserve the state of such historical works.

*The Prisoners' Memoirs, Or Dartmoor Prison: Containing a Complete and Impartial History of the Entire Captivity of the Americans in England ... Compiled from the Journal of C. Andrews*